

ANNUAL MEETING HANDOUT

Facilities Planning in the New Economy

This session presented the case study of the Art Institute of Chicago's 2006 Gallery Reinstallation Master Plan, which aims to create the most beneficial display of collections, address visitor circulation and correct associated building deficiencies. Presenters focused on the experience of creating the plan, managing the planning process, the plan's format and content, and its execution.

Moderator

» Meredith Mack, Executive Vice President, The Rise Group, LLC

Presenters

- » Scott Newman, Architect, Cooper, Robertson & Partners
- » Sara Urizar, Director of Design & Construction, The Art Institute of Chicago

Annual Meeting & MuseumExpo

As the museum field's premier professional development opportunity, the Alliance's Annual Meeting & MuseumExpo showcases the best thinking from practitioners and visionaries on major issues confronting museums and the communities they serve.

This session handout is from the 2013 Annual Meeting in Baltimore.

exhibit SEED sustainable practices for creating exhibits

exhibitSEED

What is exhibitSEED?

exhibitSEED.org is a place for exhibit and museum professionals to find resources for developing, designing, and building more sustainable exhibits. The resources on this website were developed from an interactive science museum perspective, but we hope the information will be valuable to exhibit professionals specializing in all types of museums. The Oregon Museum of Science and Industry (OMSI) developed exhibitSEED.org with input from local and national museum industry and design advisors.

Exhibit SEED resources are based on a three pillars approach to sustainability that includes environmental, economic, and social considerations.



What will I find at www.exhibitSEED.org?

- **Sustainable Practices:** Practical tips for incorporating social, economic, and environmental considerations into each phase of exhibit development: Proposal Writing, Project Management, Content Research & Development, Design, Prototyping & Visitor Testing, Production, Evaluation, and End-life.
- **Decision Making Tool:** An activity to use with your team, intended to inspire a well-rounded conversation that leads teams to decisions that consider all three (social, environmental, and economic) aspects of sustainability.
- The Green Exhibit Checklist: a tool to evaluate the environmental sustainability of exhibits. It awards points in 5 key strategies for reducing the environmental impact of exhibit production, plus a sixth category for innovation.
- **Material Guide:** an online guide that was created to help exhibit designers and builders choose materials that are better for the environment, for visitors and workers, and make economic sense.
- **Case Studies:** Individual case studies of how museums are integrating the three pillars of sustainability into their operations.
- Envisioning Sustainability: An activity designed to help teams explore the concept of sustainability.

Green Exhibit Checklist

www.exhibitseed.org/green-exhibit-checklist

The **Green Exhibit Checklist** is a tool to evaluate the environmental sustainability of exhibits. The goal of the GEC is to inspire exhibit teams to plan exhibits with environmental considerations in mind. It awards points in 5 key strategies for reducing the environmental impact of exhibit production, plus a sixth category for innovation.

- Reduce new materials
- Use local resources
- Reduce waste
- Reduce energy consumption
- Reduce toxic emissions
- Innovation

About the GEC

In 2007, designers at the Oregon Museum of Science and Industry looked to the LEED standards for buildings to try to create a similar scoring system for exhibits. LEED assesses a numerical score for the environmental sustainability of building construction. However, the LEED system has many categories that do not apply to exhibits and involves complex calculations that seemed overly complicated for busy museum professionals.

			CHECKI	51
The Green Exhibit Check The goal of the checklist exhibit production.	klist (GEC) is a tool to t is to inspire exhibit t	evaluate the eams to redu	environmental sustainability of exl ce the environmental impacts of	hibits.
The Green Exhibit Check Then, once the exhibit is	klist can be a useful t on the floor, the che	ool in early pl cklist is used	anning to help set project goals. to assess the final outcome.	
The GEC awards p 5 KEY STRATEGIES	ooints in S:	Step 1	Team sets the goal for the exhibit: Platinum, Gold, Silver, or Bronze.	
Reduce new material Use local resources Reduce waste	consumption	Step 2	Designer and fabricator review checklist to find the best strategies for meeting the coal	
Reduce energy consu Reduce products with toxic emissions	mption	Step 3	After production, the fabricator	int
A sixth category awards p innovation in the design a the exhibit. This encourag to strive for new and crea reduce environmental imp	points for nd construction of es exhibit teams tive solutions to pacts.	Step 4	Exhibit team conducts walk-through, using the materia information to award points.	al
We encourage teams to industry. For more inform	post their checklist r nation or to post your	esults online r checklist eva	for the benefit of the entire muser luation see www.exhibitseed.org.	m
Exhibition Title:				
Date: Producing Facility:				
Your Name: Role/Title:				
De l'este este este el el	PLATINUM (20-	-24 points)	SILVER (11-14)	
Ratings are awarded			-	

The exhibit designers and production staff worked together to try a simpler approach. They created the current scoring system, which is designed for easy assessment—just by walking through the exhibition, you can instantly score the exhibit based on simple observations.

Since its creation, OMSI has used the GEC to assess past exhibit builds and to set sustainability goals for future projects. The current version will continue to be revised as we move forward with the Sustainability project.

For more information: Kari Jensen, Senior Exhibit Developer Oregon Museum of Science and Industry kjensen@omsi.edu 503.797.4658



Green Exhibit Checklist

The Green Exhibit Checklist (GEC) is a tool to evaluate the environmental sustainability of exhibits. The goal of the Checklist is to inspire exhibit teams to reduce the environmental impacts of exhibit production.

The Green Exhibit Checklist can be a useful tool in early planning to help set project goals. Then, once the exhibit is on the floor, the Checklist is used to assess the final outcome.



We encourage teams to post their Checklist results online for the benefit of the entire museum industry. For more information or to post your Checklist evaluation see *www.exhibitseed.org*.

Exhibition Title:			
Date:			
Producing Facility:			
Host Site:			
Your Name:			
Role/Title:			
·			
Ratings are awarded for the total score:	PLATINUM (20–24 points)	SILVER (11–14)	

GOLD (15–19)

BRONZE (8-10)

Reduce new material consumption.

INTENT: Reduce demand for virgin materials thereby reducing industrial practices that pollute the environment and exploit natural resources.

STRATEGIES:

- Use recycled materials (regrind HDPE, aluminum, etc.).
- Reuse building materials (from previous exhibits or deconstruction of houses, etc.).
- · Use wood from responsibly-managed forests.
- Use rapidly renewable materials (bamboo, wheat board, etc.).
- Construct exhibits using fewer materials.the environment and exploit natural resources.

List all materials that were recycled, reused, FSC-certified wood, or rapidly renewable:	Estimated % of total exhibit (by volume):
	Total %:
ist any virgin materials (no recycled content, newly purchased, not renewable):	Estimated % of total exhibit (by volume):
	Total %:
SCORING:	SCORE:
\square 4 points if AT LEAST 90% of the materials meet any one of these	criteria.
3 points for AT LEAST 75%	L

□ 2 points for **AT LEAST 50%**

□ 1 point for **AT LEAST 10%**

 \Box 0 points if LESS THAN 10% of the materials meet these criteria.

WAYS TO IMPROVE SCORE:		

Use regional resources.

INTENT: Reduce negative effects on environment from the transportation of goods while contributing positively to the local economy.

STRATEGIES:

- Specify local raw materials, within 500 miles (ex: lumber in Pac NW).
- Source products manufactured locally, within 500 miles.
- · Hire local contractors for labor, within 250 miles (ex: local welder).
- Batch orders of goods to reduce packaging material.

List all materials that were sourced locally:	Source:	Estimated % of total exhibit (by volume):
		Total %:
ist all materials that were not sourced locally:	Source:	Applied to est. % of total:
		Total %:
SCORING:		SCORE:
\Box 4 points if AT LEAST 90% of the materials v	were sourced locally	у.
3 points for AT LEAST 75%		L

 \Box 2 points for **AT LEAST 50%**

□ 1 point for **AT LEAST 10%**

 \Box 0 points if **LESS THAN 10%** of the materials meet these criteria.

WAYS TO IMPROVE SCORE: ___

Reduce waste.

INTENT: Reduce amount of waste and consider end-life of exhibit.

STRATEGIES:

- Design components to be re-purposed after exhibit retires (ex: standard table top)
- Choose materials that can be recycled at end of exhibit (glass, cardboard are best).
- Choose construction methods that allow components to be taken apart (no glue).
- Eliminate need for consumables that end up in trash.
- · Design for durability and low-maintenance.
- Use water responsibly in exhibit.

List all materials that can be re-purposed or recycled:	Reuse or recycling plan:	Estim exhib	nated % of total it (by volume):
		Total	%:
List any materials that cannot be recycled or repurposed:	Destination:	Appli of tot	ed to est. % al:
		Total	%:
SCORING:		i.	SCORE:
\Box 4 points if AT LEAST 90% of the materials of	can be repurposed or re	cycled.	
3 points for AT LEAST 75%			
2 points for AT LEAST 50%			
1 point for AT LEAST 10%			
\square 0 points if LESS THAN 10% of the materials	s meet these criteria.		
\square -1 Deduct point for wasteful use of consum	ables or water.		
WAYS TO IMPROVE SCORE:			

Reduce energy consumption.

INTENT: Reduce energy consumption by exhibit components.

STRATEGIES:

- · Choose energy-efficient electronics and parts.
- Reduce number of energy-consuming interfaces.
- Use alternative energy sources (human-powered, solar, wind).
- Use auto-shut off on electronic components.

List all electronic components:	Auto shut-off? Yes or No:	Energy efficient model? Yes or No:

SCORING:	SCORE:
4 points if the exhibit is NET-ZERO energy consumption.	
\square 3 points if SIGNIFICANT energy-conserving efforts are in place	
\square 2 points if SOME energy-conserving efforts are in place	
\square 1 point if exhibit USES energy-efficient electronics	
0 points if NO ATTEMPT to conserve energy	
\square -1 Deduct one point if more than 75% of the exhibit components	
are electronic	
WAYS TO IMPROVE SCORE:	

Reduce toxic emissions.

INTENT: Reduce quantity of materials that emit VOC's, either in processing or after installation, because of their threat to the environment and indoor air quality.

STRATEGIES:

- Choose zero/low VOC paints & finishes.
- Avoid PVC, styrene.
- Use soy inks on graphic panels.
- Use products that are formaldehyde-free.
- Avoid carpet with toxic materials.

List all materials, sealants, adhesives, paints, and finishes that are zero or low-VOC:	Applied to estimated % of total exhibit:
	Total %:
List any materials that do emit volatile organic compounds:	Applied to est. % of total:
	Total %:
SCORING:	SCORE:
4 points if ALL materials are low-VOC.	
3 points for AT LEAST 75%	
2 points for AT LEAST 50%	
1 point for AT LEAST 10%	
\Box 0 points if LESS THAN 10% of the materials meet these criteria.	

WAYS TO IMPROVE SCORE:

Innovation.

INTENT: To encourage exhibit teams to strive for new and creative solutions.

STRATEGIES:

- Post checklist assessment on ExhibitSEED website for peer review.
- Incorporate a new design or production strategy that reduces environmental impact.
- Plan ahead for the exhibit's end-life.

CORING:		SCORE:
\square 1 Bonus point for posting assessment on Ex		
\square 1 Bonus point for creating big visual impact	with minimal materials:	
\Box 1 Bonus point for innovative end-of-life plan	for once the exhibit is retired:	-
1 Bonus point for any new design approach increases environmental sustainability:	or construction method that	_
OINTS AWARDED:	CERTIFICATION:	
OINTS AWARDED: Reduce new material consumption	CERTIFICATION:	ints)
OINTS AWARDED: Reduce new material consumption Use local resources	CERTIFICATION:	ints)
OINTS AWARDED: Reduce new material consumption Use local resources Reduce waste	CERTIFICATION: PLATINUM (20+ points) GOLD (15–19 points)	ints)
OINTS AWARDED: Reduce new material consumption Use local resources Reduce waste Reduce energy consumption	CERTIFICATION: PLATINUM (20+ points) GOLD (15–19 points) SILVER (11–14 points)	ints))) s)
OINTS AWARDED: Reduce new material consumption Use local resources Reduce waste Reduce energy consumption Reduce toxic emissions	CERTIFICATION: PLATINUM (20+ points) GOLD (15–19 points) SILVER (11–14 points) BRONZE (8–10 points)	ints) ;) s)
OINTS AWARDED: Reduce new material consumption Use local resources Reduce waste Reduce energy consumption Reduce toxic emissions Innovation	CERTIFICATION: PLATINUM (20+ points) GOLD (15–19 points) SILVER (11–14 points) BRONZE (8–10 points)	ints) ;) s) nts)



Team or Project: _

(ex: Renewable Energy exhibit)

Use this template to facilitate a discussion with your team. The goal of this tool is to inspire a well-rounded conversation that leads teams to decisions that consider all three (social, environmental, and economic) aspects of sustainability. Before you begin, it may be helpful to review a shared definition of the three pillars of sustainability.



STEP 1

Define the question: work with your team to make sure that everyone agrees on the same question, or problem statement, and record it here:

Question or Task:___

(ex: Should we use computer electronics even though they use more energy than mechanical interactives?)

Invite each member of the team to fill out the following table.

List all of the social, environmental, and economic considerations (large or small, good or bad) that come to mind regarding the question at hand. If more space is needed, attach an additional page.

3 PILLARS	CONSIDERATIONS
SOCIAL	
Considerations that affect the health, opportunity, and well- being of all people involved in the exhibit— from fabricators to visitors and community members.	ex: Exhibits without immediate light or audio response may be less intuitive for visitors.
ENVIRONMENTAL	
Considerations that affect the health and well-being of the natural environment—including impacts on land, air, and water quality, natural resources, and wildlife.	ex: Using electricity may result in more carbon emissions over the life of the exhibit.
ECONOMIC	
Considerations that affect the health and well-being of the project as well as the economy—from supporting local jobs and businesses to meeting the project's budget goals.	ex: Engineering mechanical solutions may cost more than developing a computer interface.

STEP 3

Discuss each realm of consideration as a team.

For each category (social, environmental, economic), go around the table and have each team member share the considerations that they wrote down. Invite discussion around which considerations are the most important and record them here.



STEP 4

Identify any areas where more information is needed to make a well-informed decision and record them here. (ex: Research possible new fabrication material)

STEP 5

End the meeting by identifying next steps toward making final decisions and record them here.