Considerations for Museum Reopenings

The American Alliance of Museums recommends that museums build flexible plans for reopening that are regularly reviewed and refined based on the latest science. This guidance is based on the best available information as of publication and is not intended to supersede guidance from public health officials, medical experts, and federal/state/local governments. Museums are encouraged to seek legal and other expert advice on their specific circumstances. Below are some considerations for reopening:

Develop a phased timeline
A gradual approach allows your museum to prioritize health and safety while taking progressive steps to restore regular operations. It also provides flexibility for regular monitoring and revision of your plan. For an example of what a phased plan may look like, see the sample museum reopening plans in the preparing to reopen section of AAM’s guide of COVID-19 resources & information for the museum field.

Coordinate locally

- **Coordinate with authorities.** Establish and continue communication with state and local authorities to determine current mitigation levels in your community and to coordinate your plans for reopening. Look for city, county, state, and federal officials to lift closure orders and the CDC and local public health departments to provide clearance.

- **Coordinate with other museums.** Connect with other museums in your community for consistency and possibly for supply sharing. For a list of other AAM member institutions in your area, see AAM’s member museum directory.

Assess conditions
Even when legally permitted to reopen, museum leaders should determine when they feel they can do so safely, keeping in mind considerations such as:

- **Downward trend in local COVID-19 cases** Federal guidelines from the previous administration identify criteria for states to satisfy before they proceed to their phased reopening plans, such as reporting a declining trajectory of coronavirus cases for 14 days straight. Data from the CDC and from your jurisdiction’s department of health may be useful in making decisions about when to reopen. The COVID-19 Tracking Project monitors the quality of state data and also helps track how many people have been tested.

- **Sufficient staff resources** Many museums have furloughed or laid off staff as a result of COVID-19 closures. Your museum may need time to recruit, hire, orient, and properly train or retrain staff at all levels in operating, safety, and enhanced cleaning procedures. You may also need to hire additional staff in key functions such as custodial services and security.
» **Availability of equipment and supplies** Before reopening, ensure that you have adequate supplies to support and communicate healthy hygiene behaviors for staff and visitors, to provide appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), and to properly clean/disinfect your facilities—and that essential supplies can be restocked as needed.

**Prioritize health and safety**

In developing your museum’s plan for reopening, follow guidance from the [CDC](https://www.cdc.gov), the U.S. Department of Labor’s [Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)](https://www.osha.gov), as well as orders and recommendations from federal/state/local governments and your state and local health officials. In particular, the American Alliance of Museums recommends these two resources for their comprehensive health and safety information for employers:


The best way to prevent illness is to protect against exposure to the virus. Your museum should promote measures for everyone (staff/volunteers and visitors) to avoid getting sick and, as an employer, you should take additional measures to help reduce transmission and protect employees. Those measures include:

» **Assessing risk.** Consider who is most at risk in your museum—taking into account criteria such as age and/or underlying conditions, as well as specific job duties. OSHA provides interim guidance based on exposure risk levels, including specific interim guidance for retail operations and environmental (i.e., janitorial) operations. These risk assessments should guide your plan.

» **Promoting frequent hand washing** or, if soap and water are not readily available, use of hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol. Make sure employees can take regular breaks to wash their hands. Provide hand sanitizer (with at least 60 percent alcohol) for staff, especially those in higher-volume environments such as points of sale. If possible, offer hand sanitizer stations throughout the museum for visitors and introduce contactless approaches to payment and paper handouts.

» **Ensuring physical distancing.** Take measures to ensure physical distancing for staff and visitors. If some staff are able to work from home, consider extending telework policies. Also consider how staff schedules can be staggered, workplaces reconfigured, and visitor capacity and access restricted to decrease contact (see “Restrict contact, capacity, and access” below for additional recommendations).

» **Providing protective equipment.** Your employees should have access to appropriate protective equipment, based on your risk assessment and workers’ specific job duties.

  o Custodial staff and others who are cleaning or disinfecting are at increased risk of being exposed to the virus and to toxic effects of cleaning chemicals. They should have access to appropriate PPE for cleaning and disinfecting, such as gloves, masks, and gowns.
- **Barriers** like protective panels can help maintain distance between staff and visitors. Museums may be able to reuse exhibition materials such as Plexiglas vitrines to create barriers.

- **Face coverings** are particularly essential in times when physical distancing is not possible. Require the wearing of face coverings by staff and visitors while inside the museum, except for children younger than 2 years old or those with a chronic disease that makes breathing difficult. For staff, keep in mind that transparent face covers are often helpful for individuals who are deaf or hard-of-hearing and rely on lipreading. See AAM’s resource on face masks in your reopening starter kit.

  » **Covering coughs and sneezes.** Provide tissues for employees, along with touch-free trashcans for disposal.

  » **Ensuring that people who feel sick, have experienced a fever, have exhibited symptoms of COVID-19, or have been exposed to people who tested positive for COVID-19 stay home for a minimum of 14 days, or if they are on-site, leave the premises immediately.** This includes implementing flexible sick leave and supportive policies and practices (see “Review and update your workplace policies” below for additional recommendations), identifying an isolation room or area to separate anyone who exhibits COVID-19-like symptoms, and immediately sending home or seeking medical attention for anyone with symptoms (e.g., fever, cough, shortness of breath).

**Establish clear cleaning/disinfecting and ventilation protocols**

Update your museum’s cleaning protocols based on CDC’s recommendations for cleaning and disinfecting facilities, CDC’s reopening guidance for cleaning and disinfecting public spaces and workplaces, and industry-recommended practices for collections care. If you operate a food-service area, follow FDA best practices. For more, see AAM’s resource on cleaning and disinfecting museums, included in your reopening starter kit.

  » **Increase the frequency** of cleaning of high-touch areas such as payment stations, touch screens, bathrooms, door and sink handles, water fountains, railings, keyboards, phones, and light switches. Conduct a full deep clean every evening.

  » **Train staff** to wipe down surfaces after every interaction and between timed-entry visitations. Also, review the training staff on reopening procedures checklist included in your reopening starter kit.

  » **Allocate additional resources to cleaning.** These heightened cleaning protocols may add extra costs for cleaning supplies and for cleaning professionals.

  » **Ensure that ventilation systems are operating properly** and increase the circulation of outdoor air into the museum as much as possible by opening windows and doors, using fans, and/or increasing fresh air intake to HVAC systems. (Do not open windows and doors if doing so poses a safety risk to employees or visitors due to pollutants, allergens, or other issues.) Inspect and replace existing air filters as needed and consider supplementing with portable,
high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) fan/filtration systems. Also consider the use of ultraviolet germicidal irradiation (UVGI) if ventilation is limited.

**Restrict contact, capacity, and access**
As part of your museum’s phased approach, consider how you can limit person-to-person contact, monitor the number of visitors, and restrict or prohibit access to certain areas of the museum. Your plan may include:

- **Online ticket sales only** if this is an option for your museum. Alternatively, limit cash and paper receipt transactions. “Touchless” payment options are recommended.
- **Providing digital visitor guides and materials** instead of physical copies at the museum.
- **Regulating interactives** (e.g., touchscreens) by providing disposable stylus pens, or if unavailable, signage or physical barriers to prohibit use. As your plan progresses, you may consider installing hand sanitizing stations near these spaces for safer usage.
- **Capacity restrictions for visitors** including timed tickets for entry and monitoring traffic flow (e.g., only allowing a certain number of visitors in a space at a given time).
- **No or limited access** to theaters, cafés, high-traffic areas, and particularly tight spaces in the museum. If you have multiple entrances, consider limiting access to only one or two.
- **Cancelling or restricting group visits, guided tours, public programs, and special or private events** until safe to offer them, and then limiting the number of participants.
- **Using signage or barriers** to enforce physical distancing guidelines, including at ticketing and information desks, in shops/cafés, and for security guards.
- **Establish one-way flow** through the museum and within galleries, to facilitate distancing.
- **For outdoor spaces** closing restroom facilities and picnic areas, marking trails to encourage one-way travel, and closing off parking on streets next to your facility.

**Update your workplace policies and support your staff**
Policies for employee leave, telework, and compensation should be reviewed and updated to protect your staff, provide flexibility, and ensure that sick employees are able to stay home. Also consider the emotional toll on your staff and take steps to promote wellness.

- **Actively monitor evolving guidelines** from the [CDC](https://www.cdc.gov), [OSHA](https://www.osha.gov), the [U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission](https://www.eeoc.gov) (EEOC) and others as they pertain to pandemic situations. Engage your museum’s legal team or legal counsel in the review of your policies.

- **Review the latest federal legislation** to ensure your museum is in compliance with new provisions to support and protect employees. AAM has provided summaries of the legislation highlighting information relevant to museums and museum professionals on our [COVID-19 financial relief & resources page](https://www.aam-us.org). Prominently display the required Department of Labor [poster](https://www.aam-us.org) outlining employee rights mandated by the Families First Coronavirus Response Act.
» **Help employees stay healthy** with these tips about recommended [business policies and procedures](#) from the CDC.

» **Support staff mental health and wellbeing**. The COVID-19 pandemic will affect the mental health and wellbeing of employees well beyond the immediacy of the initial crisis. The National Safety Council regularly updates a [resource page](#) with information about the employer role in mental health, working with benefit providers, stress reduction, substance misuse, and more.

» **Keep equity in mind** when crafting policies and [financial strategies](#). AAM’s [COVID-19 diversity, equity, accessibility, and inclusion (DEAI) resource list](#) provides information to support individuals, teams, and institutions in centering DEAI in times of crisis.

» If implementing **health checks**, conduct them safely and respectfully, and in accordance with any applicable privacy laws and regulations. Confidentiality should be respected. Employers may use examples of screening methods in [CDC’s General Business FAQs](#) as a guide.

» **Designate a specific staff person or team** to be responsible for responding to COVID-19 concerns. Identify the person or team to staff and let staff know how to contact them.

» **Create a communications system** for staff for self-reporting of symptoms and notification of exposures and closures.

### Provide training for staff

Museums should provide guidance or training for staff to protect staff and promote safe interactions with visitors. The National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences (NIEHS) offers [educational resources and tools](#) intended for workers who are at greatest risk of exposure during the COVID-19 pandemic, including a [training](#) on protecting oneself from COVID-19 in the workplace.

Give staff clear guidelines for how to respond if visitors are not following health and safety protocols, such as alerting museum security or a high-level supervisor. Review the training staff on reopening procedures checklist included in your reopening starter kit.

### Communicate clearly and frequently

Communicate proactively with both staff and the public about your plans and the protocols in place for their health and safety. Research from Edelman found that people consider employer communications the most credible source of information about COVID-19, and we know that museums are among the most trusted institutions in their communities (see “Museums are Trusted” section of AAM’s [museum facts and data](#)). Our institutions can play an important role in assuring staff and educating the public about the science and facts of COVID-19.

» **Provide education and training materials** for employees and the public, such as the CDC’s [fact sheets and posters](#). You may also consider adding a list of community resources and tip sheets on your website, on signage in the museum, and even in your programming.

» **Display visible signage** and other indicators, such as floor decals and tape lines, to explain and enforce your policies on physical distancing, hand washing, and other requirements and
recommendations. See the customizable graphics for posters, signage, and decals in your reopening starter kit.

» **Share with the public** your cleaning protocols and steps you are taking to ensure their safety—both on your website and throughout the museum (e.g. main entrance, gallery entrances, bathrooms). Use the messaging templates and checklist in your reopening starter kit.

**Connect with the broader museum community**

» **Join the robust conversation** on Museum Junction to learn alongside your peers.

» **Access additional guidance** on AAM’s [COVID-19 resource page](https://www.aam-us.org/covid-19) on preparing to reopen.

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